GTower Hotel

t this hotel, located on Jalan Tun

Cleaning detergents are certified

Vertical gardens on the walls act as natural air purifiers, absorbing carbon dioxide and releasing oxygen to help maintain good air quality.

Rainwater is harvested to irrigate

the building's green roof and vertical

reduce the use of chemicals, salt is

used in the water for the swimming pool instead of chlorine. Energy expended by the air-conditioning system is used to heat bathrooms and the swimming pool and all sanitary and tap fittings are designed to ensure efficiency in water usage without affecting comfort

gardens. Waste is separated and disposed of in recycling bins. Where possible, furnishings are made of recyclable materials. The paint used is of a



The size of the building's site - 0.92 acre - gives it its name, Point Nine Two. But what is significant about this building in Damansara Perdana, Petaling Java, is the fact that a total of 500 trees have been planted in this small area, creating a sense of dense vegetation around the main lobby. Combined with green terraces on the higher floors, the feature helps to reduce temperature

The white concrete façade and 150mm thick walls with only 38% openings for windows help to minimise heat gain while maintaining optimum entry of natural light.

About half of the façade is taken up by six windows in various shapes, repeatedly spelling out the project name in Braille. Apart from their aesthetic quality, the windows enable maximum penetration of natural light and improved ventilation. The west-facing windows are slanted down to provide shade for the interior. Vegetation

are planted at strategic positions on the southeast side of the building to cast long shadows on the building, yet preventing the offices from direc light. The northwest side of the building is completely shaded. Other green features of the building that has been awarded Green Building Index certification are energy-efficient light bulbs, centralised chilled water air-conditioning and water recollection system.

Sabah Art Gallery Conservation Centre Various energy-saving features in Sabah's first green building, located at Jalan Penampang in Kota Kinabalu, has helped to reduce its annual energy bill from RM480,000 to RM107,000.

It is designed to maximise use of natural light for illumination and solar panels help to power the air-conditioning system. Power supply only kicks in when natural light is nsufficient and when the solar panel are unable to cope with additional femand. Lights switch off by themselves when there are no visitors.

Efficient water consumption has litres per year a 32% reduction Considering that a Malaysian uses an average of 226 litres per day, the amount saved is enough for 1.460 people per day.

Carbon dioxide emission has been reduced by 780 tonnes per year, emission that would have caused a 2°C rise in global temperature.



# Menara Binjai

The use of environment-friendly materials and energy-efficient operations help to reduce energy usage in this building by 25%. Among the features are dou-

ble-glazed windows for optimum heat and sound insulation, and centralised water-chilled air-conditioning supported by energy-saving green chillers to reduce energy consumption. Its destination-based lift system

that provides not only additional security but also customised floor selection helps to reduce waiting time. The lifts' drive motors ensure comfortable and speedy rides while regenerating energy, helping to recover up to 30% of electricity used to power the lift operations.

Other features are energy-saving light fittings that dim peripheral lighting during the brightest hours of the day as well as water-conserving sanitary fittings and eco-friendly toilets with seat bidets.

The 35-storey Menara Biniai, located next to the Ampang Rapid KL LRT station, is the first dedicated office tower in Malaysia to be awarded dual. green certification - Malaysia's Green Building Index Design Assessment for GBI certification and the Green Mark Gold (Provisional) certification by Singapore's Building and Construc

Its 100% back-up power supply and professionally managed onsite



### Top Glove Tower

This is a 23-storey building located in the thriving new township of Setia City in Shah Alam, It comprises 14 floors of office space, two floors or retail outlets and seven floors reserved for parking. Designed with energy efficiency

in mind, the building features double-glazed glass windows for optimum insulation against heat while facilitating entry of natural light. Photovoltaic panels have been added to harness solar energy.

The tower also features an efficient chiller plant system design, LED lights for optimum energy usage and water efficiency to keep utility costs low. A typical chilled water cooling plant comprises one or more chillers, chilled water circulation pumps, condenser water pumps, and cooling towers, plus piping to connect these component One or more cooling coils are used to transfer heat out of the supply air stream and into the chilled water.

The Top Glove Tower has received the Green Building Index Certified Gold award in the Office and



### Pusat Tenaga Malaysia (Malaysia Energy Centre) Previously known as a ZEO (zero energy office) building, it is recognised

as Malaysia's first Green Building Index (GBI) certified building. Now known as a GEO (green energy office) building it is also the country's first green-rated office

Planned as a showcase of energy efficiency in 2005, it is now recognised as the most energy efficient building not only in Malaysia but in Asean as well. It consumes just one-third of the amount of energy as the LEO (low energy office) building of the Energy, Green Technolog and Water Ministry, previously rated the most energy-efficient building in the The Malaysia Energy Centre, located

in Bangi, Selangor, scored full points under the Energy Efficiency and Innovation criteria of the GBL



The Sarawak Energy Bhd (SEB) headquarters in Kuching was awarded the Final Green Building Index Silver Rating under the Non-Residential New Construction category in 2013, making it the first green building in East Malaysia.

ing sun. The east and west sides of the building are cove nies and vertical gardens to form a shield against the su

The nine-storey structure was originally designed as a low-energy building with office facilities for 1.500 people. The building has been designed with an east-west orientation and most of the window face north or south to reduce heat gain. The interior design optimises

Other green features are rainwater harvesting, photovoltaic system to generate

electricity and energy efficient fans.

## Menara Worldwide

This high-rise office block, located at Jalan Bukit Bintang in the Golden Triangle of Kuala Lumpur, combines the latest in integrated building intelligence with a spacious ultra-modern design. The design and construction of an energy- and cost-efficient integrated building is considered as "intelligent". An intelligent building is one that "applies technologies to improve the building environment and functionality for occupants or tenants while

The facade of the 27-storey tower and a four-storey podium features floor-to-ceiling glass windows to facilitate good ventilation and natural lighting.

The roof and facade of the building are fitted with a building integrated photovoltaics (BIPV) system that serves not only to envelope the building but also to generate power. That has resulted in savings in material and energy costs, reduction in the use of fossil fuels and

emission of ozone depleting gases as well as add architectural interest to the building. The building, owned by Worldwide Holdings, a subsidiary of Selangor State Development Corporation, was completed in July 2010.



# It makes sense to go green. Apart from helping to give Mothe. Nature a fighting

chance, sustainability efforts help to cut costs in the long term - a key incentive for builders and property owners. The Malaysian governmen; has also come on board, introducing policies to encourage greening efforts. In conjunction with

**Builders**'

best green efforts

World Environment Day on June 5. Focusweek looks at 10 buildings (in no particular order) in Malaysia that have set the pace for sustainability

## The Energy Commission Diamond Building

The headquarters of the Energy Commission in Precinct 2, Putrajava, has been designed to ensure reduction in the use of fossil fuels, water conservation and indoor environmental quality, among others.

The building's diamond shape is effective in preventing air infiltration that, if allowed n excess, raises indoor temperature. The atrium has been designed to optimise penetra-

The Energy Commission Diamond Building's energy consumption is 35% lower than that of a typical building. Its structure also boasts water efficiency systems, including rainwater harvesting.

efficient water fittings and grey water recycling. Harvested rainwater is used to flush toilets. Combined with efficient water fittings such as dual flush toilets, waterless urinals and water taps equipped with aerators, the